



Music

"Music gives a soul to the universe, wings to the mind, flight to the imagination and life to everything." Plato

Our music provision has been carefully designed to offer everything the National Curriculum asks of it. Meanwhile, it also helps with pupils' personal development, world-awareness and overall wellbeing, by supporting our unique school ethos based on the three key themes of **Heart, Mind, Connect.**

We start with the premise that having a positive instrumental experience lies at the heart of learning to love music. With this in mind, right from Reception to Year 9, we take a very practical and hands-on approach to the subject, instilling in our pupils a real sense of the joys and benefits music brings, and encouraging them to explore, make and enjoy music in as many forms as possible. This approach centres around our belief that music can play an integral part in our pupils' lives, not just as an academic subject to be discovered and learned about, but as a universal form of art and communication: one that can help pupils develop, thrive and connect on many different levels.

We take a layered approach to learning, covering singing, listening and composing throughout the years, but with the addition of performing from Year 3 onwards. Depth and detail are gradually built up as pupils progress through the school. From naming instruments and chanting nursery rhymes in Reception class, to composing melodies in Year 6 or exploring the history of digital remixing in Year 8 – our curriculum encompasses every different aspect of music making, playing and history. Not only that, we take a global view of the subject, exposing pupils to the cultural contexts of all the different genres, and using them to encourage discussion around the social and political issues which inspired them. These discussions support our ambition to raise social awareness among our pupils.

We use music as a way of developing our pupils' collaborative, creative and communication skills, and we help build their self-confidence through performance and risk-taking. Pupils are also encouraged to develop their perseverance and resilience through practising and performing music. Meanwhile, our equal focus on both traditional and experimental music helps to challenge assumptions and raise interesting questions around culture, convention and the artistic canon.

Inclusion is assured by our commitment to providing lessons and instruments for every pupil in our school, making opportunities available to those who wouldn't normally be able to access them. The high value we place on singing – and the teaching of it – is another way in which we help make life-long participation in music as easy, affordable and accessible as possible. We also support the Dalcroze approach to music teaching, and firmly believe that participation needn't be about learning formal theory and conventional forms. In this respect, we tailor our teaching to make sure every pupil gets the chance to find a musical style they connect with, or to create a new one of their own!

The possibility of a career in music is always encouraged throughout school, and we expose pupils to – and educate them about – the many varied job roles it encompasses. As part of our efforts to expose pupils to the wider world of music and the wonderful opportunities it offers, we've also fostered links with Opera North, Disney's stage production of The Lion King and Jumbuck Film & TV, as well as a wide range of independent recording and performance professionals across the UK. We offer a broad and exciting range of extra-curricular musical activities within school too, giving pupils the chance to develop and explore their newfound skills with the guidance and support of a professional.









Phase 1

EYFS Statutory Framework 2021 - Expressive Arts and Design NC - Music

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3
Performing	Begin to sing whole Nursery rhymes and familiar songs; express ideas, thoughts and feelings through music. Sing in a group matching pitch and following the melody. Sing call and response songs matching the pitch. Begin to experiment with musical instruments	Play instruments with increasing control. Improvise a song around one that they know. Sing call and response songs matching the pitch and following the melody	Play instruments with control, explore and engage in music making and dance, keeping a steady beat performing solo or in groups, singing in a group or on own Sing call and response songs matching the pitch and following the melody
Creating	Creating Express ideas, thoughts and feelings through music; capture experiences with a range of mexperiment with rhythm		riences with a range of music;



Term 2

Curriculum Overview - Music

Term 1



Term 3





Phase 1

Year 1

Singing - Sing simple songs, chants and rhymes from memory. Sing call and response songs Listening - Develop knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of the music they are listening to, singing and playing. Experience live music in and out of school. Perform as a choir in school assemblies. Composing - Improvise simple vocal chants. Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds. Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern. Invent, retain and recall rhythm and pitch patterns. Recognise how graphic notation can represent sound.				
Skills Introduced	Unit 1: Seasons & Elements Creating musical sound effects Call and response songs Creating rhythm patterns Unit 2: Nativity Performing to an audience Learning songs from memory	Unit 3: Rhythmics Showing changes in movement to different note values. Recalling rhythmic details from a musical story Unit 4: Musical Conversation Creating pitch patterns Use graphic notation	Unit 5: Colonel Hathi Performing a variety of ostinato in an ensemble Improvising vocal chants Unit 6: Dawn Movement Improvising thoughtful movement in response to musical stimuli Recalling a movement sequence	
Skills Revisited	Basic singing technique – posture, breathing Starting/stopping	Call and Response singing and playing	Creating a musical sound effect	
Knowledge Introduced	Unit 1: Duration and rhythm patternsDynamics Unit 2:	Unit 3: Rests, Ostinato Unit 4: Phrasing	Unit 5: Timbre, texture, rhythm notation Unit 6: Orchestral music, names of instruments	
Knowledge Revisited	Percussion Instrument names	Duration and rhythm patterns	Ostinato	



Singing - Sing songs regularly with a pitch range of do-so with increasing vocal control. Know the meaning of

Term 2

Curriculum Overview - Music

Term 1

Instrumental technique

Unit 1: Ancient music traditions

Term 1

Unit 2: Elements of music -

including tempo

Phase 2

Year 2

Skills

Revisited

Knowledge

Introduced

Year 3



Term 3

Performing to an audience

pitch range

to record ideas

Unit 6: Structure

Singing songs with increased

Unit 5: Using graphic notation

Term 3





symbols. Perform as a choir in school assemblies. Listening - Develop knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of the music they are listening to, singing and playing. Experience live music in and out of school. Composing - Create music in response to a non-musical stimulus (e.g. a storm, a car race, or a rocket launch). Improvise simple question and answer phrases, to be sung and played on untuned percussion, creating a musical conversation. Use graphic symbols to keep a record of composed pieces. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds.				
Skills Introduced	Unit 1: Egypt Singing songs with increased pitch range Accompanying rhythms Unit 2: Fairy tales Creating music to non-musical stimulus Choosing instruments for sound quality	Unit 3: Carnival of the Animals Singing songs with vocal accompaniment Unit 4: Bamboo Tamboo Large ensemble skills More advanced instrumental technique	Unit 5: Flora & Fauna Using technology to capture and change sounds Unit 6: Belonging Song writing Introduction to lyric writing Improvise question and answer phrases	
	Vocal control and technique	Starting/stopping	Improvising vocal chants	

Intentional movement

Creating music to non-musical

Unit 3: Identifying instrumental

Term 2

response to music

Unit 4: Syncopation

Rhythm and duration, ostinato
Instruments of orchestra
Rhythm notation
Tempo, dynamics

stimulus

choices

Singing - Sing a range of unison songs of varying styles and structures with a pitch range of do–so, tunefully and with expression. Perform forte and piano, loud and soft. Perform actions confidently and in time to a range of action songs. Walk, move or clap a steady beat with others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of the music changes. Perform as a choir in school assemblies.

Listening - Develop knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of the music they are listening to, singing and playing. Experience live music in and out of school.

Composing - Become more skilled in improvising inventing short 'on-the-spot' responses using a limited noterange. Structure musical ideas (e.g. using echo or question and answer phrases) to create music that has a beginning, middle and end. Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names to create rising and falling phrases using do, re and mi. Compose song accompaniments on untuned percussion using known rhythms and note values.

Performing – Develop facility in playing tuned percussion or a melodic instrument. Play and perform melodies following staff notation using a small range. Individually copy stepwise melodic phrases with accuracy at different speeds.



Phase 2



Year 3	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3
Skills Introduced	Unit 1: Orchestral Storytelling Stretching composing skills – working in smaller more independent groups Unit 2: Fantasy Football Singing with clear articulation and diction Composing with a variety of rhythms Structuring musical ideas	Unit 3: Rhythmics Moving more accurately to music. Playing and stepping alternate rhythms Rhythmic ball skills Unit 4: Siby Djembe Drumming technique Performing forte and piano – vocal and instrumental	Unit 5: Recorder Playing melodic instrument Instrument specific playing skills (blowing, fingering) Reading notation Composing short melodic phrases Copying melodic phrases Unit 6: Improvisation Project On the spot improvising Composing song accompaniments with drones.
Skills Revisited	Performing actions and in time to songs Composing a soundscape/story.	Rhythmic movement Pulse awareness Ostinato Call and response	Recalling melodies
Knowledge Introduced	Unit 1: Programme and film music Some history and the variety of Western classical music. Unit 2: Form (verse, chorus, rondo), Pitch (note names)	Unit 3: Canon Unit 4: African music; background, history, relevance	Unit 5: Staff notation Bars, time signatures Unit 6: Folk music
Knowledge Revisited	Instruments of the orchestra Elements of music	Ostinato Rhythm notation	Rhythm notation
Year 4	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3

Singing – Continue to sing a broad range of unison songs with the range of an octave, pitching the voice accurately and following directions for getting louder and quieter. Sing rounds and partner songs in different time signatures and begin to sing repertoire with small and large leaps.

Listening – Develop knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of the music they are listening to, singing and playing. Experience live music in and out of school.

Composing – Improvise on a limited range of pitches on a melodic instrument with changing articulation. Create short pentatonic phrases - sing and play these phrases as self-standing compositions. Arrange individual notation cards of known note values to create sequences of 2-, 3- or 4-beat phrases, arranged into bars. Composing music to create a specific mood. Include instruments played in whole-class/group/individual teaching to expand the scope and range of the sound palette available for composition work. Capture and record creative ideas using any of: graphic symbols, rhythm notation and time signatures, technology.

Performing – Play and perform melodies following staff notation using a small range as a whole-class or in small groups. Perform in two parts (e.g. melody and accompaniment from simple notation.

Skills Introduced Unit 1: The Tudors Recalling movement sequer es in dance Composing dance music Singing rounds Unit 2: The Orchestra Performing in two parts	Unit 3: Ukulele Instrument specific playing skills (strumming, plucking chords) Improvise on a limited range of pitches Singing songs in range of an octave.	Unit 4: Composition Create short pentatonic phrases Create rhythm sequences in phrases Composing mood music Unit 5: Rhythmics Sing with expressive dynamics Extended rhythmic skills Conducting Dictation
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Year 4	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3
Skills Revisited	Improvising over drones Moving in time to music	Singing technique Reading music on the stave Performing in two parts	Improvising vocal chants Performing to an audience Singing songs with increased pitch range
Knowledge Introduced	Unit 1: Tudor Music – instruments, songs and dance music Unit 2: Extended knowledge of Western classical music.	Unit 3: Anatomy of ukulele History of ukulele Use of ukulele in pop music	Unit 4: Scale systems - tonality Unit 5: Compound and simple time Dotted rhythms
Knowledge Revisited	Dronal accompaniment Elements of music Ostinato Instruments of orchestra	Rhythm and pitch notation Song structure	Time signatures Elements of music









Phase 3

Year 5	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3
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Singing – Sing a broad range of songs with a sense of ensemble and performance. Sing three-part rounds, partner songs, and songs with a verse and a chorus. Perform a range of songs in school assemblies and in school performance opportunities.

Listening – Develop knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of the music they are listening to, singing and playing. Experience live music in and out of school.

Composing – Develop sense of shape and character, using tuned percussion and melodic instruments when improvising. Working in pairs, compose a short ternary piece. Use chords to compose music to evoke a specific atmosphere, mood or environment. Capture and record creative ideas using any of: graphic symbols, rhythm notation and time signatures, staff notation, technology.

Performing – Play melodies on tuned percussion or melodic instruments, following staff notation written on one stave. This should initially be done as a whole class with greater independence gained each lesson through smaller group performance. Develop the skill of playing by ear on tuned instruments, copying longer phrases and familiar melodies.

Skills Introduced	Unit 1: Rhythmics Extended rhythmics techniques Moving/playing in canon Vocal improvisation Unit 2: The Orchestra Composing/improvising in small groups/pairs.	Unit 3: Recorder Playing by ear Reading more complex melodies on staff notation Unit 4: Samba Instrument specific playing skills Performing polyrhythms	Unit 5: Summer Musical Stage craft Singing three-part rounds Unit 6: The Journey Using extended playing techniques Creating chords on the piano
Skills Revisited	Rhythmic movement Dictation	Ensemble skills Reading music	Singing in solfa Performing to an audience
Knowledge Introduced	Unit 1: Phrasing Unit 2: Extended knowledge of Western classical music.	Unit 3: Extended pitch notation skills Unit 4: Latin American music	Unit 5: Musical theatre Unit 6: Tonality Ternary form
Knowledge Revisited	Instruments of orchestra Elements of music Time signatures	Syncopation Time signatures	Elements of music
Year 6	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3

Singing – Sing a broad range of songs, including those that involve syncopated rhythms, as part of a choir, with a sense of ensemble and performance. This should include observing rhythm, phrasing, accurate pitching and appropriate style. Continue to sing three-part rounds and experiment with positioning singers randomly within the group in order to develop greater listening skills, balance between parts and vocal independence. Perform a range of songs as a choir in school assemblies, school performance opportunities and to a wider audience. **Listening** – Develop knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of the music they are listening to, singing and playing. Experience live music in and out of school. **Composing** – Create music with multiple sections that include repetition and contrast. Plan and compose a melodic phrase using the pentatonic scale incorporating rhythmic variety and interest. Play this melody on available tuned instruments. Notate this melody. Enhance melodies with rhythmic or chordal accompaniment. **Performing** – Play a melody following staff notation written on one stave and using notes within an octave range, make decisions about dynamic range. Accompany melodies using chords on ukulele or tuned percussion. Engage with others through ensemble playing, with pupils taking on melody or accompaniment roles.



Phase 3



Year 6	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3
Skills Introduced	Unit 1: Beatles/Blackbird Playing in multi instrument ensemble Creating and performing accompaniments Singing in full solfa Unit 2: The Orchestra Extended vocal techniques/ Bruitage	Unit 3: Djembe Playing and reading complex syncopated rhythms Unit 4: Rhythmics Extended rhythmics skills Movement improvisation Conducting in more time signatures	Unit 5: Summer Musical Solo singing Singing in multi parts Unit 6: Ukulele Chords in different keys More complex strumming patterns
Skills Revisited	Creating graphic scores Lyric writing	Creating graphic scores Lyric writing	Stage craft Singing in solfa
Knowledge Introduced	Unit 1: Pop and rock music 1950s onward Unit 2: Contemporary music and playing/singing techniques	Unit 3: African music and dance Unit 4: Compound time signatures Phrasing	Unit 5: History of musical theatre Unit 6:
Knowledge Revisited	Reading graphic scores Song structure	Time signatures Phrasing Canon	History of ukulele and cultural context. Use in modern pop music.
Year 7	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3

Performance - Broaden skills at sight-reading, transposition, composing and improvisation.

Composition - Develop understanding of composition through a combination of improvising, chord sequences and melodies.

Listening - Develop the technical ability to identify the use of musical elements and develop understanding of the meaning and purpose of music being listened to

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Skills Introduced (performing, creating)	Unit 1: Samba - percussive music and rhythm Polyrhythms, hand signals, articulation, syncopation, ostinatos	Unit 2: Introduction to music production DAW- based composition, Sampling, editing, mixing, arranging	Unit 3: Ukulele/guitar ensemble techniques Large and small group ensemble awareness, performance, guitar technique, performance skills
Skills Revisited	Reading notated rhythms, improvising, Large ensemble awareness, call and response, unison, dynamics, pulse, improvisation,	Composition, musical structure/form, Dynamics, tempo, key, Time signatures, pitch, genre,	Ostinato/riff, Tab notation, Staff notation, chords/triads, musical structure, dynamics, tempo, key, pitch, genre,
Knowledge Introduced	Polyrhythmic composition, structure, cultural background	Sampling, music technology, history of music technology,	History of the Guitar, transferable string skills, pentatonic scale, guitar improvisation, reading lead sheets, Guitar technique/ posture,
Knowledge Revisited	South American culture & music, dynamics, posture, technique, Samba instrumentation, samba rudiments, pitch	Step/leap, Instruments of the orchestra, Elements of music	Spanish/south American music & culture, chords/triads. Reading notated rhythms



Composition - Develop understanding of composition through a combination of improvising, chord sequences

Term 2



Term 3





Phase 4

Year 8

Term 1

Performance - Broaden skills at sight-reading, transposition, composing and improvisation.

Understand the	Listening – Further develop the technical ability to identify the use of musical elements. Understand the meaning of and identify elements and their use in music. Develop understanding of the meaning and purpose of music being listened to and think about the impact this has on the listener.			
Skills Introduced (performing, creating)	Unit 1: Djembe (African drumming and Highlife) African Polyrhythms, mixed ensemble skills, Junk percussion, semiquavers, syncopated African rhythms, triplets	Unit 2: Remixing Editing, sampling, manipulating existing MIDI on different DAW platforms (Band lab/Garage band). Compression, panning, time stretching, tempo mapping	Unit 3: Steel Pans Cycle of 4ths and 5ths, roll technique, Mallet technique,	
Skills Revisited	Djembe rudiments, large ensemble awareness, improvising, call and response, Bass/tone/Slap (Djembe technique)	Sampling, music technology, composition, musical form, Band lab,	Sampling, music technology, composition, musical form, Band lab,	
Knowledge Introduced	History of Highlife/modern African music, History of fusion music within African culture,	History of digital and analogue remixing, latency, subgenres, groove, transposition	History of steel pans, Two and three-part harmony	
Knowledge Revisited	West African culture & music, Dynamics, posture, technique,	History of music technology,	Elements of music, time signatures, phrasing, syncopation,	
Year 9	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	

Performance - Broaden skills at sight-reading, transposition, composing and improvisation.

Composition - Develop understanding of composition through a combination of improvising, chord sequences and melodies and accompaniment and song-writing.

Listening - Further develop the technical ability to identify the use of musical elements

Understand the meaning of and identify elements and their use in music. Develop understanding of the meaning and purpose of music being listened to.

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Skills Introduced (performing, creating)	Unit 1: Indian Music Paradiddles, Complex polyrhythmical structure and form,	Unit 2: Guitar ensemble and the Blues Minor pentatonic, 12 bar chord progression, blues scale, I, IV, V chord progression,	Unit 3: Music for Film Orchestration, diagetic and non-diagetic, mickey-mousing, foley sound,
Skills Revisited	Cajon rudiments (bass tone, high tone, slap and touch) Large ensemble awareness	Improvisation, ostinatos, ensemble performance, ensemble singing, elements of music,	Notation, syncopation, chords, ensemble performing, Junk percussion Found sounds,
Knowledge Introduced	History of Bollywood music,	History of the blues, African music, work songs, chain gang songs,	Diagetic and non-diagetic, underscoring, mickey-mousing, leitmotif, motif, Semiotics
Knowledge Revisited	History/culture of reginal Indian music and dance,	Fusion music, elements of music,	Ostinatos, atonal, ostinato, syncopation, polyrhythms, step/leap, structure