

Progression and Assessment – A Keep Up Phonics Approach

"The school's phonics programme matches or exceeds the expectations of the national curriculum and the early learning goals. The school has clear expectations of pupils' phonics progress term-by-term, from Reception to Year 2."

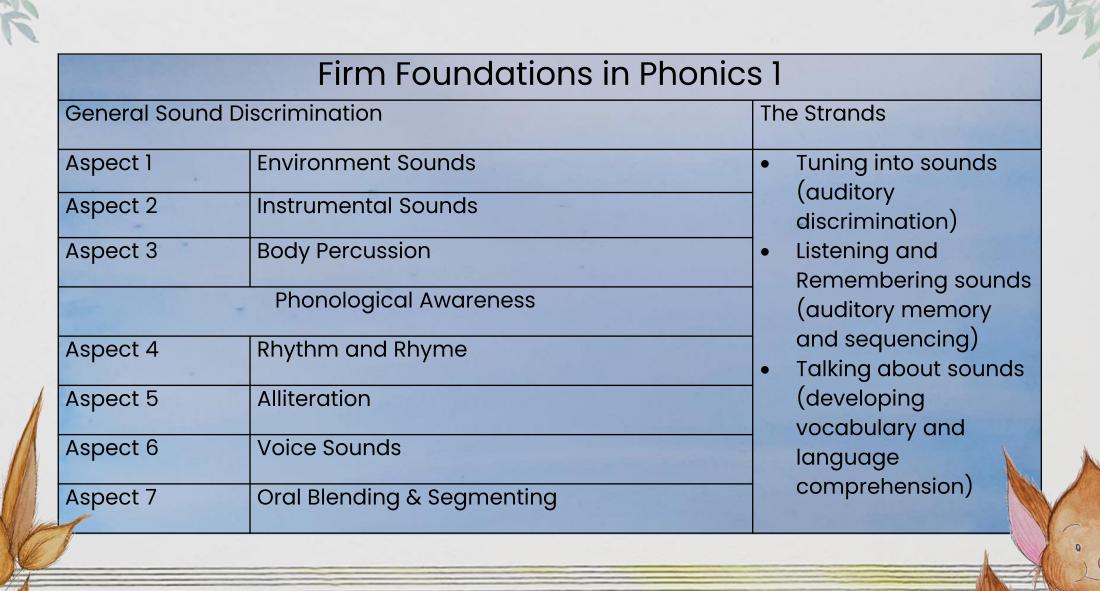
EYFS			KS1				
Nursery	Rece	otion		Year 1		Year 2	
			n Foundations in Pho me and Oral Blending				
Firm Foundations in Phonics 1 Wrap them in Rhyme	The Basics 2	The Basics 3 The Basics 3 plus	The Basics 4 Adjacent Consonants & Polysyllabic	The Higher Levels of Phonics 5c Choose to Use	The Higher Levels of Phonics 5b Switch it Spell Sounds	Statuary Spelling Appendices Spelling Patterns & Rules 6	
Mastery of Phonological Awareness (Rhythm and Rhyme Alliteration and Oral Blending and Segmenting)	Mastery The Basic 2 and plus at least on sounds of the Englis CVC ONLY	e spelling for the 44 h Language	Mastery of The Basic consonants Mastery Choose to U use spellings" Mastery Switch it Spe "switch it sound spe	Jse 5c– an introduc ell Sounds 5b- an in	etion to "choose to troduction to	Mastery of the Year 1 and Year 2 statutory spelling appendices See adapted appendices for Year 1 and Year 2	

"The ongoing assessment of pupils' phonics progress is sufficiently frequent and detailed to identify any pupil who is falling behind the programme's pace. If they do fall behind, targeted support is given immediately."

EYFS			KS1					
Nursery	Nursery Reception		Year 1			Year 2		
Firm Foundations in Phonics 1 Wrap them in Rhyme and Oral Blending and Segmenting								
Firm Foundations in Phonics 1	The Basics 2	The Basics 3	The Basics 4	The Higher Levels of Phonics 5c	The Higher Levels of Phonics 5b	Statuary Spelling Appendices		
Wrap them in Rhyme		The Basics 3 plus	Adjacent Consonants & Polysyllabic	Choose to Use	Switch it Spell Sounds	Spelling Patterns & Rules 6		
General Sound Discrimination	Group 1 satp	The Basics 2	Group 1: CVCC	Group 1: ai/ay ee/ea igh/ie oa/oe oo/ue	Group 1: i o c g	Year 1 & Year 2		
Aspect 1	Group 2 in m d	Group 1 j v w x	Group 2: CVCC & Polysyllabic		Group 2: u ow ie ea	NC Appendices		
Aspect 2	Group 3 gock	Group 2 qu z zz y	Group 3: CCVC	ee/ea/e_e igh/ie/i_e oa/oe/o_e	Group 3: a a oi o			
	Group 4 ck e u r	Group 3 ch sh th ng	Group 4: CCVC &	oo/ue/u_e	Group 4 y y ch ch ou			
Aspect 4	Group 5 h b f l	Group 4 ai ee igh oa	Polysyllabic	Group 3 oi/oy ur/ir ow/ou or/aw w/wh				
Phonological Awareness	Group 6 II ff ss	Group 5 00 00 or ar	Group 5 CCVCC CCCVCC &	Group 4: air/are n/kn				
Aspect 4		The Basics 2 plus	Polysyllabic	r/wr f/ff/ph or/aw/au				
Aspect 5		Group 6: ur ow oi er		Group 5: n/kn/gn or/aw/au/ore				
Aspect 6		Group 7: ure ear air		ee/ea/e_e/eye e/ea/e_e/ey/y				
Aspect 7				oo/ue/u_e/ew				



Firm Foundations in Phonics 1 General Sound Discrimination & Phonological Awareness "The ability to hear the sounds in the words we speak" No flashcards required Firm Foundations in Phonics 1 gives children playful daily repeated experience, exposure and enjoyment of General Sound Discrimination (Environmental Sounds, Instrumental Sounds & Body Percussion) & Phonological Awareness (Rhythm and Rhyme, Alliteration & Oral Blending and Segmenting). In order for a children to be ready for The Basics 1, they would need to demonstrate that they were able to tune in to, listen to and remember and talk about sounds. They would need to be skilled in Rhythm and Rhyme, Alliteration & Oral Blending and Segmenting before they start to look at the shapes of the letters on flashcards and begin their systematic, synthetic phonics journey. NB: This Phase does not come to an end and phonological awareness continues from The Basics to The Higher Levels of Phonics and into Spelling Rules and Patterns.



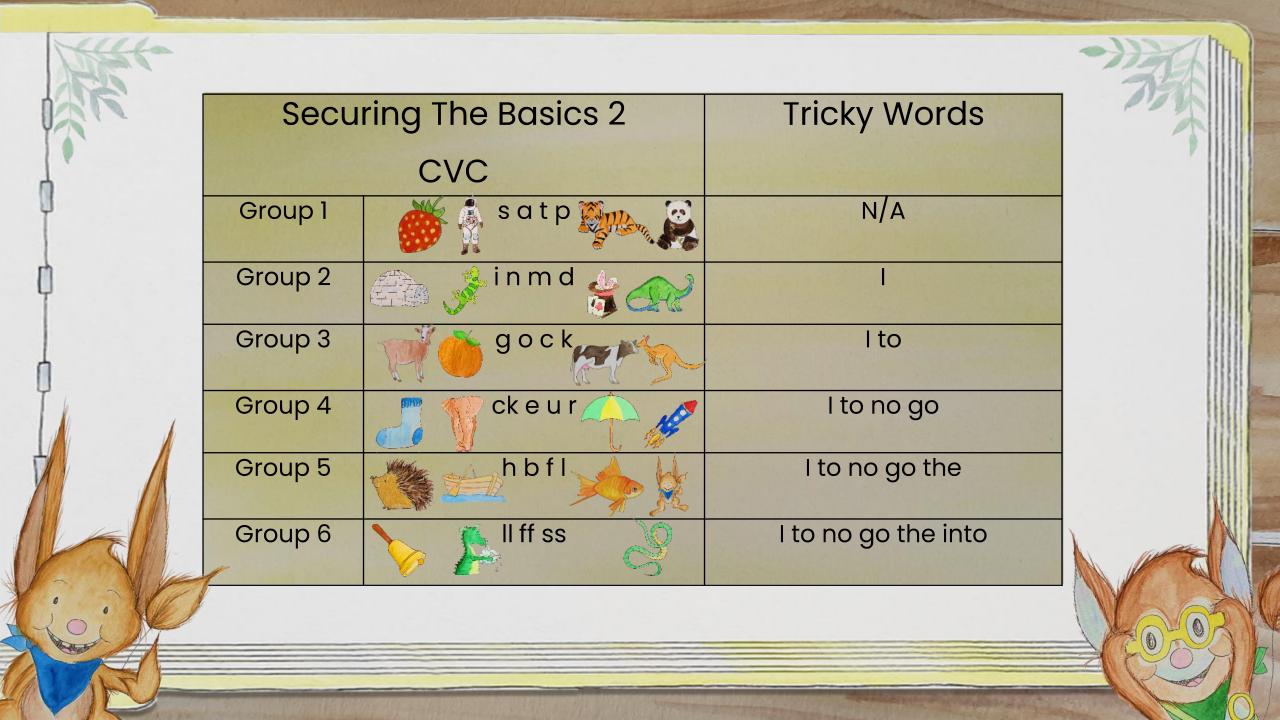


The Basics 2 Listen, Recognise, Build, Read and Write



The Basics 2 teaches children at least one spelling for 18 of the 44 sounds of the English language. Children will use their auditory processing and memory skills from Firm Foundations in Phonics 1 to start to recognise the spellings for the sound with Sam, segment and build with Seb and Bill, read and blend with Rex and Ben and write with Ron. They will learn the early concepts of Choose to Use with Suze for a handful of multiple spellings for sounds.

At the end of this Phase children will be able to hear up to 3 sounds in words, recognise spellings and read and write simple CVC words with the 18 spellings for sounds. They will be able to read decodable texts with The Basics 2 spellings and make phonetically plausible attempts in their emerging stages of spelling in their writing journey.



The Basics 3

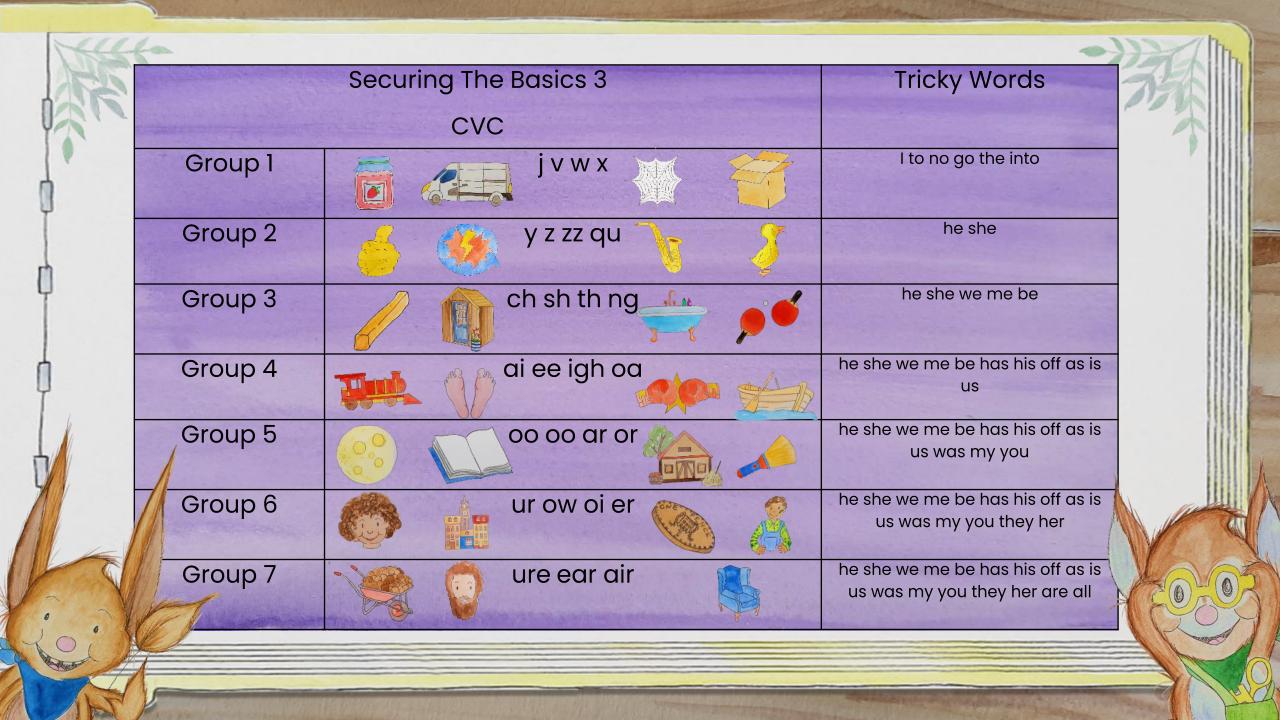


- Recognise, Build, Read and Write

The Basics 3 teaches children the spellings for the further 26 of the 44 sounds of the English language. Children will use their auditory processing and memory skills from Firm Foundations in Phonics 1 and The Basics 2 skills to continue to recognise the spellings for the sound with Sam, segment and build with Seb and Bill, read and blend with Rex and Ben and write with Ron. They will continue to learn the early concepts of Choose to Use with Suze for some further multiple spellings for sounds and an introduction to Switch it with Mitch for alternative pronunciations of spellings for sounds. Children will learn their tricky words with Tess and read nonsense words with Nan.

At the end of this phase children will be able to hear up to 3 sounds in words, recognise spellings and read and write simple and complex CVC words with the 44 spellings for sounds. They will be able to read decodable texts with The Basics 2 and 3 spellings and make phonetically plausible attempts in their early stages of spelling in their writing journey.







The Basics 4 Recognise, Build, Read and Write

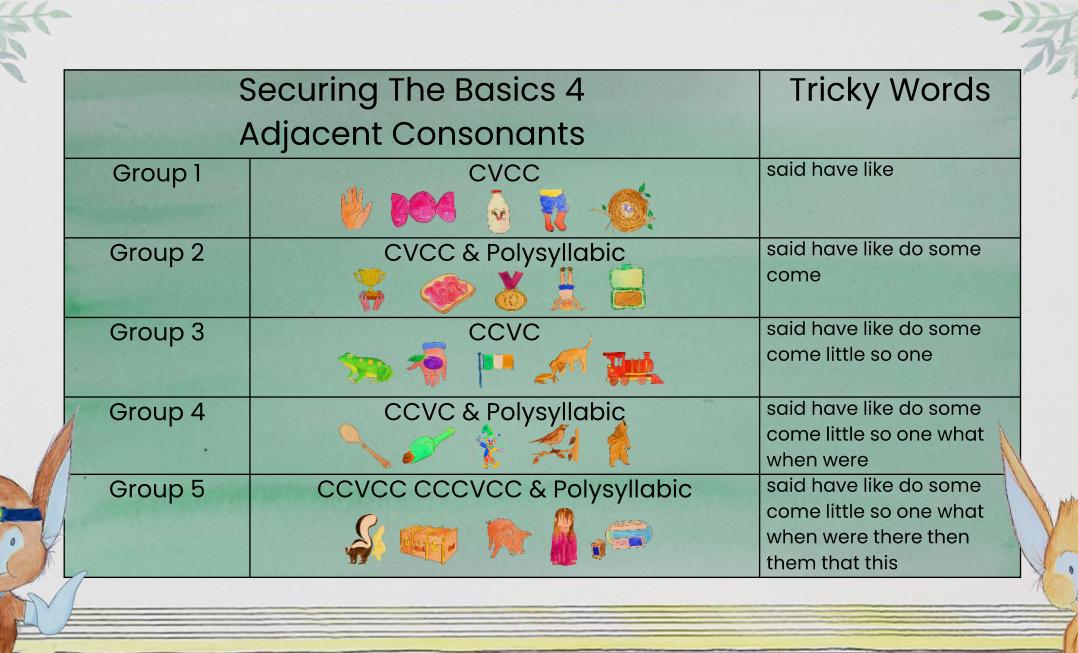


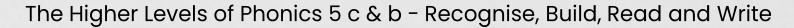
Moving from 3 sounds (CVC) to four plus (CVCC, CCVC, CCVCC, CCCVCC)

The Basics 4 teaches children to be able to hear more than 3 sounds in a word. They will continue to embed their mastery of The Basics 2 and 3 spellings for sounds in words and progress to 4, 5 and 6 sounds in a word. They will be supported by Magic Mack and Jazzy Jack who will help them hear the tricky adjacent consonants that are challenging to hear in words of more than 3 sounds. Children will learn their tricky words with Tess and read nonsense words with Nan.

At the end of the this phase, children will be able to hear more than 3 sounds in words, recognise spellings and read and write CVC, CVCC, CCVC, CCVCC, CCCVC words with the 44 spellings for sounds of the English Language. They will be able to read decodeable texts with The Basics 2 and 3 spellings with adjacent consonants and make phonetically plausible attempts in their evolving stages of spelling in their writing journey.









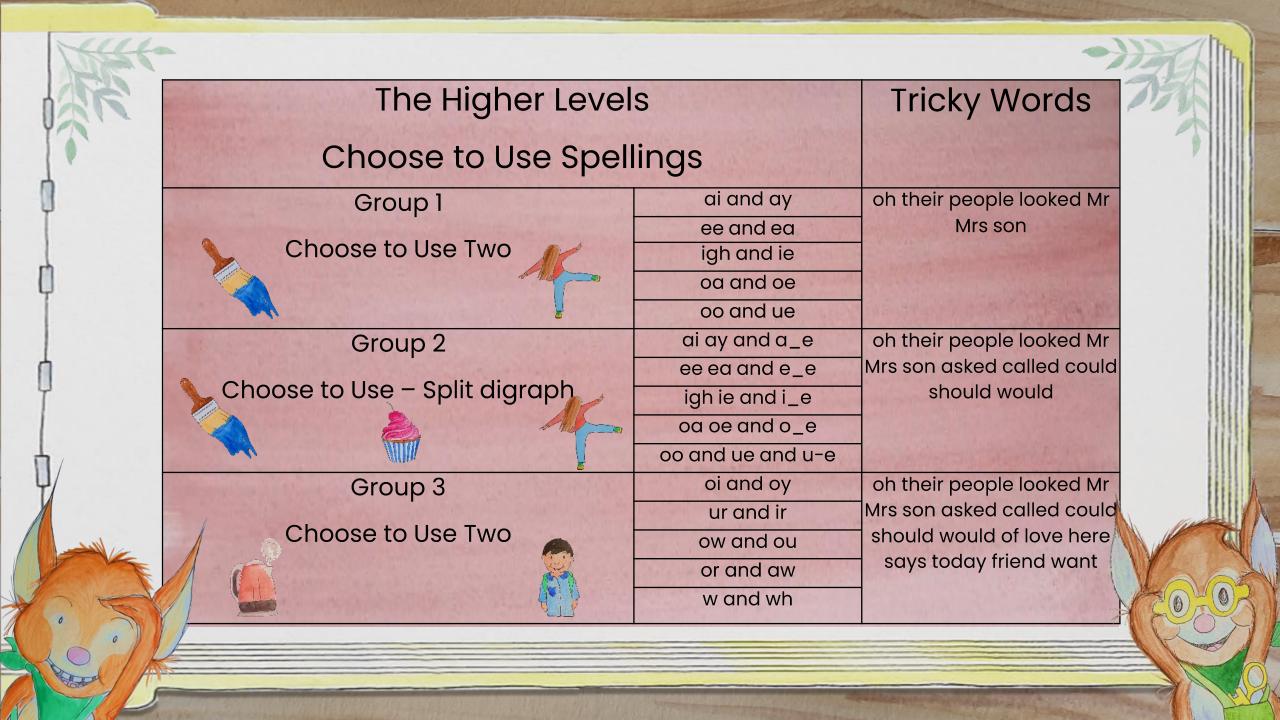
Choose to Use and Switch it

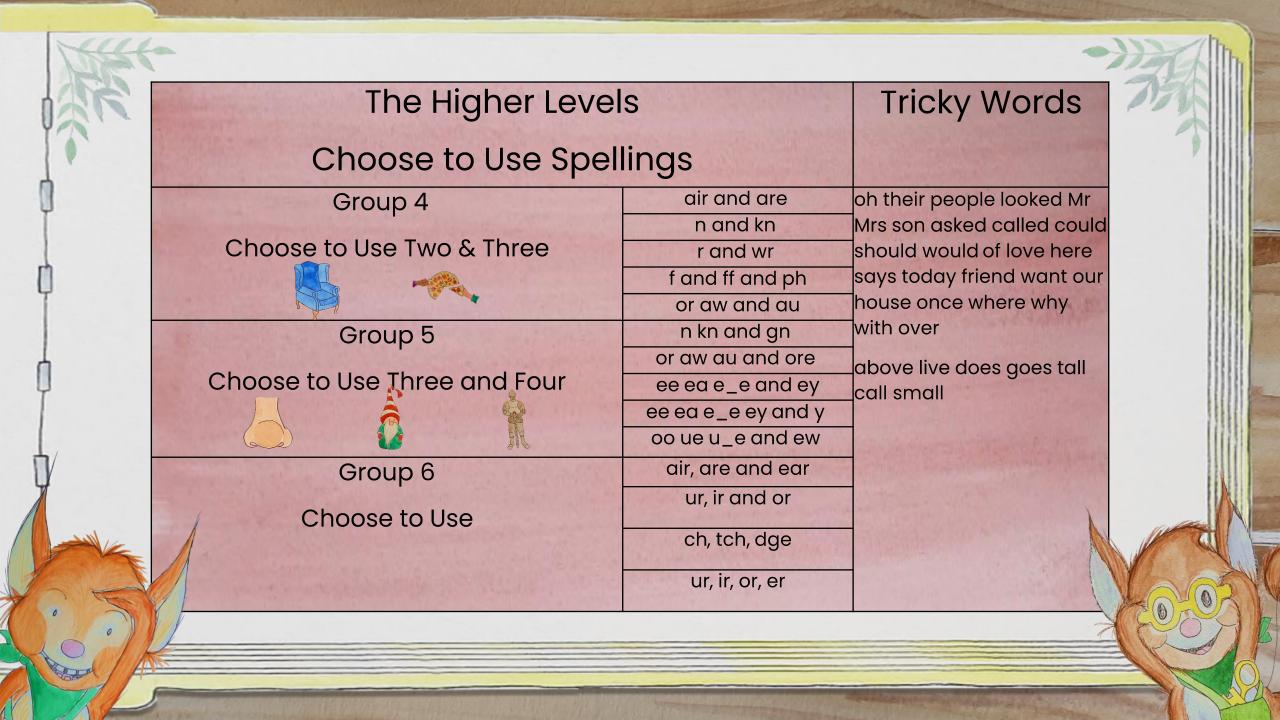
The Higher Levels of Phonics teaches children the concept that there are more than one spelling for a sound that they can hear in a word. With the help of Choose to Use Suze, they will find out all about 'sounds the same but looks different' and cool and not so cool choose to use spelling rules for the 44 sounds of the English Language.

With the help of Switch it Mitch, they will also find out all about 'looks the same, sounds different' and switch it spelling sounds where one spelling can make up to 2 different sounds in words.

Children will learn their tricky words with Tess and read nonsense words with Nan.

At the end of this phase children will be able to choose to use spellings of the 44 sounds in the English Language. They will also be able to switch spellings and sounds for alternative pronunciations. They will be able to read decodeable texts with The Basics to The Higher Levels spellings including adjacent consonants and make more accurate attempts in their further stages of spelling in their writing journey.











Year 2 Spelling Rules & Appendices Read and Write

Suze's Spelling Rules & Patterns

Suze's Spelling Rules & Patterns will teach children very specific spelling rules, adding prefixes and suffixes, adding ending to words such as plurals and ing, ed, er, est and compound words. They will also learn some further rarer choose to use spellings for the 44 sounds of the English Language. Children will learn their tricky words with Tess.

At the end of this phase children will be able to choose to use spellings of the 44 sounds in the English Language. They will also be able to switch spellings and sounds for alternative pronunciations. They will be able to read texts with The Basics to The Higher Levels spellings, spelling patterns and rules including adjacent consonants and make more accurate attempts in their further stages of spelling in their writing journey.

Adding s and es to words (plural of nouns and the third person singular of verbs) Adding the endings –ing –ed and –er to verbs where no change is needed to the root word Adding –er and –est to adjectives where no change is needed to the root word Adding the prefix –un Compound words cats dogs spends rocks thanks catches door floor poor because find kind mind behind child children* wild climb most only both old cold gold hold told every everybody even great break steak pretty beautiful after fast last past father class grass pass plant path bath hour move prove improve sure sugar eye could should would who whole any many clothes busy people water again half money Mr Mrs parents Christmas Compound words football playground farmyard bedroom blackberry		Patterns & Rules 1 Appendices	Common Exception Words	7
of nouns and the third person singular of verbs) Adding the endings –ing –ed and –er to verbs where no change is needed to the root word Adding –er and –est to adjectives where no change is needed to the root word Adding the endings –ing –ed and –unting hunted hunter buzzing buzzed buzzer jumping jumped jumper Adding –er and –est to adjectives where no change is needed to the root word Adding the endings –ing –ed and hunting hunted hunter buzzing buzzed buzzer jumping jumped jumper great break steak pretty beautiful after fast last past father class grass pass plant path bath hour move prove improve sure sugar eye could should would who whole any many clothes busy people water again half money Mr Mrs parents Christmas	Todi	ТАррениесь		
-er to verbs where no change is needed to the root word buzzed buzzer jumping jumped great break steak pretty beautiful after fast last past father class grass pass plant path bath hour move prove improve sure sugar eye could should would who whole any many clothes busy people water again half money Mr Mrs Adding the prefix –un hold told every everybody even great break steak pretty beautiful after fast last past father class grass pass plant path bath hour move prove improve sure sugar eye could should would who whole any many clothes busy people water again half money Mr Mrs parents Christmas	of nouns and the third person	cats dogs spends rocks thanks catches		
Adding -er and -est to adjectives where no change is needed to the root word Adding the prefix -un grander grandest fresher freshest quicker quickest grass pass plant path bath hour move prove improve sure sugar eye could should would who whole any many clothes busy people water again half money Mr Mrs parents Christmas	Adding the endings -ing -ed and -er to verbs where no change is needed to the root word	hunting hunted hunter buzzing buzzed buzzer jumping jumped jumper	climb most only both old cold gold hold told every everybody even great break steak pretty beautiful after fast last past father class grass pass plant path bath hour move prove improve sure sugar eye could should would who whole any many clothes busy people water again half money Mr Mrs	
Adding the prefix -un unhappy undo unload unfair unlock	Adding -er and -est to adjectives where no change is needed to the root word	grander grandest fresher freshest quicker quickest		
Compound words football playground farmyard bedroom blackberry	Adding the prefix -un	unhappy undo unload unfair unlock		
	Compound words	football playground farmyard bedroom blackberry		

K.	STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P	Patterns & Rules 2 Appendices	Common Exception Words	系
	The /I/ or /əI/ sound spelt -le at the end of words	table apple bottle little middle	door floor poor because find kind mind behind child children* wild	
	The /I/ or /əI/ sound spelt -el at the end of words	The /I/ or /əl/ sound spelt –el at camel tunnel squirrel travel towel tinsel hold told every everybody eve	hold told every everybody even great break steak pretty beautiful	
	The /I/ or /əI/ sound spelt –al at the end of words	metal pedal capital hospital animal	after fast last past father class grass pass plant path bath hour move prove improve sure sugar	
Words ending -il	pencil fossil nostril	eye could should would who whole any many clothes busy people		
		water again half money Mr Mrs		
Adding -ed -ing -er and -est to a root word ending in -y with a consonant before it. Adding the endings -ing -ed -er -est and -y to words ending in -e with a consonant before it ling -ing -ed -er -est and -y to lis of one syllable ending in a le consonant letter after a le vowel letter	copied copier happier happiest cried repliedbut copying crying replying			
	hiking hiked hiker nicer nicest shiny			
	patting patted humming hummed dropping dropped sadder saddest fatter fattest runner runny			

1		ng Patterns & Rules ar 2 Appendices	Common Exception Words Year
-			
	The /n/ sound spelt a after w and au	other mother brother nothing Monday want watch wander quantity squash	door floor poor because find
	The /s:/ sound spelt or after w	word work worm world worth	kind mind behind child children* wild climb most
	The /o:/ sound spelt ar after w	war warm towards	only both old cold gold hold told every everybody even
	The suffixes -ment -ness -ful -less and '-ly'	enjoyment sadness careful playful hopeless plainness (plain + ness) badly merriment happiness plentiful penniless happily	great break steak pretty beautiful after fast last past father class grass pass plant path bath hour move prove
Contractions The possessive apostrophe (singula nouns)	can't didn't hasn't couldn't it's I'll	improve sure sugar eye could should would who whole any many clothes	
	Megan's Ravi's the girl's the child's the man's	busy people water again half money Mr Mrs parents Christmas	
4	Words ending in -tion	station fiction motion national, Section	
Homophones and near- homophones	homophones	there/their/they're here/hear quite/quiet see/sea bare/bear one/won sun/son to/too/two, be/bee blue/blew night/knight	